THICK LOAM OVER BROWN CLAY

General Description: Thick loamy surface soil with variable gravel, over a brown mottled clayey subsoil grading to alluvium

Landform:	Creek flats between rolling to steep low hills	
Substrate:	Medium to fine grained alluvium derived from adjacent hillslopes	
Vegetation:	Eucalyptus ovata woodland	

Type Site:	Site No.:	CH126	1:50,000 mapsheet:	6628-2 (Onkaparinga)
	Hundred:	Onkaparinga	Easting:	301800
	Section:	5145	Northing:	6135450
	Sampling date:	02/11/00	Annual rainfall:	915 mm average

Narrow footslope between a moderately steep hillslope and a creek flat. Firm surface comprising 45 cm of recent sediment overlying the original soil surface. Apple orchard.

Soil Description:

Depth (cm)	Description	
0-25	Dark brown firm massive loam with 10-20% siltstone fragments (20-60 mm). Clear to:	
25-45	Dark reddish brown massive loam with 10-20% siltstone fragments (20-60 mm). Clear to:	
	Original soil surface	a la
45-65	Very dark greyish brown firm loam with weak granular structure. Gradual to:	A 5
65-80	Brown firm massive clay loam. Clear to:	
80-140	Dark greyish brown, dark yellowish brown and yellowish red mottled firm heavy clay with strong medium polyhedral structure. Gradual to:	
140-160	Yellowish brown and dark yellowish brown mottled friable medium clay with 20-50% siltstone and quartz fragments (20-200 mm). Watertable at 150 cm.	



Classification: Mottled, Eutrophic, Grey Chromosol; thick, non-gravelly, loamy / clayey, deep





Summary of Properties

Drainage:	Imperfectly drained. Water perches on subsoil clay for weeks at a time, but the layer is sufficiently deep (because of the overlying sediment), that near surface effects are unlikely.
Fertility:	Inherent fertility is moderately high, as indicated by the exchangeable cation data. At the sampling site potassium and sulphur levels are low. Calcium : magnesium ratio is also slightly low for optimum apple quality. Organic carbon levels are high.
рН:	Slightly acidic throughout.
Rooting depth:	140 cm in pit, but few roots below 80 cm. Most activity is in the upper 25 cm.
Barriers to root growth:	
Physical:	There are no significant barriers to root growth above the clayey subsoil. This presents a minor impediment.
Chemical:	There are no chemical barriers
Waterholding capacity:	Approximately 170 mm (total available), and approximately 75 mm (readily available).
Seedling emergence:	Satisfactory (for cover crops).
Workability:	Satisfactory
Erosion Potential:	
Water:	Moderate (due to run on from adjacent slope).
Wind:	Low

Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H ₂ O	pH CaC1 ₂	CO3 %	EC1:5 dS/m	Cl mg/kg	-	Р	Avail. K mg/kg	mg/kg	Boron mg/kg	Trace Elements mg/kg (EDTA)			CEC cmol (+)/kg	Exchangeable Cations cmol(+)/kg				ESP	Ext Al mg/kg	
											Cu	Fe	Mn	Zn	(),	Ca	Mg	Na	K		
Orchard	7.0	6.1	0	0.07	11	3.2	68	233	6.7	1.2	65.5	361	41.1	14.7	-	15.21	3.45	0.43	0.55	-	ns
0-25	6.3	5.2	0	0.06	8	3.8	56	287	5.7	1.2	69.9	464	37.0	23.1	-	11.02	2.42	0.67	0.64	-	1.2
25-45	6.4	5.3	0	0.06	10	2.8	45	366	9.0	1.2	40.6	288	11.7	0.2	-	8.97	2.29	0.73	0.94	-	0.6
45-65	6.1	5.0	0	0.07	20	2.8	20	324	16.8	1.4	4.0	437	3.4	0.7	-	7.69	2.71	0.69	0.80	-	1.0
65-80	6.2	5.9	0	0.08	48	1.2	5	158	19.9	0.9	2.4	206	2.6	0.4	-	5.27	3.45	0.62	0.40	-	0.4
80-140	6.2	5.5	0	0.11	46	0.7	5	154	41.1	0.4	2.6	75	7.9	0.3	-	4.40	8.62	0.75	0.35	-	0.4

Note: Orchard sample bulked from cores (0-10 cm) taken around the pit.

Further information: <u>DEWNR Soil and Land Program</u>



