## SANDY LOAM OVER RED CLAY

*General Description:* Hard sandy loam abruptly overlying a well structured red clay, calcareous with depth

Substrate: Weakly indurated Tertiary sandstone, mantled by fine carbonate.





Type Site:	Site No.:	CM902	1:50,000 mapsheet:	6630-4 (Spalding)
	Hundred:	Milne	Easting:	283100
	Section:	543	Northing:	6272050
	Sampling date:	10/04/1990	Annual rainfall:	495 mm average

Upper slope of undulating rise, 4% slope. Hard setting surface, no stones.

## **Soil Description:**

Depth (cm)	Description	
0-15	Reddish brown very hard massive sandy loam. Abrupt to:	1
15-60	Dark reddish brown firm medium clay with strong fine polyhedral structure. Clear to:	E.
60-90	Yellowish red hard very highly calcareous medium clay with more than 50% fine carbonate segregations. Gradual to:	-6 -7 -8
90-120	Yellowish red hard massive highly calcareous medium clay with 20-50% fine carbonate segregations and 20-50% weakly indurated yellow sandstone fragments. Gradual to:	
120-150	Yellow hard massive sandy clay (weakly indurated sandstone), with minor fine carbonate segregations.	



Classification: Sodic, Hypercalcic, Red Chromosol; medium, non gravelly, loamy / clayey, deep





## Summary of Properties

Drainage:	Well drained. The soil rarely remains wet for more than a day or so following heavy or prolonged rainfall.			
Fertility:	Inherent fertility is moderately low. Nutrient retention capacity is restricted by relatively low clay content and low pH.			
рН:	Acidic at the surface, strongly alkaline with depth.			
<b>Rooting depth:</b> Satisfactory root growth in upper 60 cm, limited growth below 60 cm.				
Barriers to root growth:	Barriers to root growth:			
<b>Physical:</b> There are no significant physical restrictions.				
Chemical:	There are no apparent constraints in the upper 90 cm (below 90 cm, high pH is a limitation). Possible causes of low root densities below 60 cm are restricted water availability in highly calcareous clay, or low trace element availability.			
Waterholding capacity:	Approximately 80 mm in the rootzone.			
Seedling emergence: Fair. Tendency for surface soil to seal and set hard affects plant establishment.				
Workability:	Fair. These soils tend to shatter if worked too dry, or puddle if worked too wet.			
<b>Erosion Potential:</b>				

Water:	Moderately low.			
Wind:	Low.			

## Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H <sub>2</sub> O	pH CaC1 <sub>2</sub>	CO3 %	EC 1:5 dS/m	ECe dS/m	Org.C %	Avail. P mg/kg	Boron mg/kg
0-15	5.6	4.8	0	0.11	-	1.13	32	1.0
15-60	7.1	6.6	0	0.16	-	0.55	4	2.2
60-90	8.8	7.7	27	0.15	-	0.26	3	1.7
90-120	9.3	7.9	19	0.16	-	0.18	1	2.1
120-150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program



