GRADATIONAL CLAY LOAM

General Description: Loam to clay loam grading to a well structured red clay, calcareous with depth

Landform:	Undulating rises and gently inclined fans	
Substrate:	Deeply weathered fine grained rock, or fine grained alluvium.	
Vegetation:		

Type Site:	Site No.:	CM907	1:50,000 mapsheet:	6630-3 (Clare)	
	Hundred:	Upper Wakefield	Easting:	290900	
	Section:	33	Northing:	6241500	
	Sampling date:	March 1990	Annual rainfall:	530 mm average	

Mid slope of undulating rise, 4% slope. Firm surface with no stones.

Soil Description:

Depth (cm)	Description	
0-18	Brown firm massive fine sandy clay loam. Clear to:	
18-40	Dark reddish brown firm light clay with strong medium prismatic structure. Gradual to:	
40-60	Dark reddish brown firm slightly calcareous light clay with strong medium prismatic structure. Gradual to:	
60-80	Reddish brown firm highly calcareous medium clay with moderate medium prismatic structure. Gradual to:	
80-100	Red firm very highly calcareous weakly structured light clay with more than 50% fine carbonate segregations.	

Classification: Sodic, Hypercalcic, Red Dermosol; medium, non-gravelly, clay loamy / clayey, deep



Summary of Properties

Drainage:	Moderately well drained. The soil may remain wet for up to a week following heavy or prolonged rainfall.
Fertility:	Inherent fertility is high, due to high surface clay content and organic carbon concentration. However, increasing acidity will reduce nutrient retention capacity.
рН:	Acidic at the surface, alkaline with depth.
Rooting depth:	60 cm in pit.
Barriers to root growth	

Physical:	The coarsely structured subsoil clay restricts root growth to some extent.			
Chemical:	There are no apparent chemical barriers, although root growth is generally poor in very highly calcareous clay (as for 80-100 cm).			
Waterholding capacity:	Approximately 100 mm in the potential rootzone.			
Seedling emergence:	Satisfactory, although surface soil may set hard, reducing establishment percentages.			
Workability:	Fair to good, depending on condition of surface.			
Erosion Potential:				
Water:	Moderately low to moderate.			

Wind: Low.

Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H ₂ O	pH CaC1 ₂	CO3 %	EC 1:5 dS/m	ECe dS/m	Org.C %	Avail. P mg/kg	Boron mg/kg
0-18	5.2	4.8	0	0.10	-	2.27	28	1.5
18-40	5.7	5.1	0	0.05	-	0.95	7	1.4
40-60	6.5	5.8	3	0.05	-	0.57	2	2.1
60-80	7.5	7.1	6	0.18	-	0.61	3	1.5
80-100	8.3	7.7	42	0.13	-	0.42	2	1.5

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program



