DEEP SAND

General Description: Thick sand to loamy sand, becoming slightly more clayey and weakly calcareous with depth

Landform: Gently undulating sand hill

country

Substrate: Windblown Molineaux

Sand, with minor secondary

carbonates

Vegetation: Mallee

Type Site: Site No.: MM045 1:50,000 mapsheet: 6828-4 (Swan Reach)

Hundred:ForsterEasting:382950Section:169Northing:6158650

Sampling date: 03/08/1992 Annual rainfall: 290 mm average

Midslope of moderate sandhill, 4% slope. Loose surface, no stones.

Soil Description:

| Depth (cm) | Description |
|------------|--|
| 0-11 | Reddish brown loose loamy sand. Abrupt to: |
| 11-35 | Yellowish red soft loamy sand. Diffuse to: |
| 35-64 | Yellowish red very soft loamy sand. Abrupt to: |
| 64-87 | Red soft sandy loam. Clear to: |
| 87-105 | Yellowish red very soft loamy sand. Clear to: |
| 105-150 | Yellowish red very soft calcareous loamy sand. Diffuse to: |
| 150-195 | Yellowish red very soft calcareous loamy sand. |

Classification: Calcareous, Regolithic, Red-Orthic Tenosol; medium, non-gravelly, sandy / loamy, moderate



Minor fine quartz grit throughout.



Summary of Properties

Drainage: Rapidly drained. Soil never remains wet for more than a couple of hours following

heavy or prolonged rainfall.

Fertility: Inherent fertility is low, as indicated by the exchangeable cation data, and low clay

and organic matter contents. Phosphorus, nitrogen, zinc and copper deficiencies are likely (all appear to be deficient at sampling site). Organic carbon levels are also low.

pH: Neutral to slightly alkaline at the surface, alkaline with depth.

Rooting depth: 195 cm in pit, but few roots below 87 cm.

Barriers to root growth:

Physical: No physical barriers.

Chemical: No chemical barriers, but low nutrient retention capacity and status limit root growth.

Waterholding capacity: Approximately 55 mm in rootzone.

Seedling emergence: Slightly impeded by water repellence at the surface.

Workability: Loose / soft surface is easily worked.

Erosion Potential:

Water: Low.

Wind: Moderately high.

Laboratory Data

| Depth cm | pH H ₂ O | pH CaC1 ₂ | CO ₃ % | EC1:5 dS/m | ECe dS/m | Org.C % | P | Avail. K mg/kg | mg/kg | 0 0 | | | | CEC cmol | Exchangeable Cations cmol(+)/kg | | | | ESP |
|-------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|----|----------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|
| | | | | | | | | | | Cu | Fe | Mn | Zn | (+)/kg | Ca | Mg | Na | K | |
| Paddock | 7.3 | 7.1 | <0.1 | 0.06 | 0.27 | 0.43 | <5 | 160 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 3.53 | 0.79 | 0.15 | 0.22 | 4.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0-11 | 7.3 | 7.1 | <0.1 | 0.06 | 0.36 | 0.53 | <5 | 140 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 0.3 | 3.3 | 3.93 | 0.83 | 0.15 | 0.29 | 4.5 |
| 11-35 | 8.2 | 7.8 | <0.1 | 0.05 | 0.17 | 0.09 | <5 | 71 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 2.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 2.23 | 0.40 | 0.14 | 0.09 | na |
| 35-64 | 8.5 | 8.1 | <0.1 | 0.07 | 0.18 | 0.05 | <5 | 64 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 2.2 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 2.4 | 2.33 | 0.51 | 0.19 | 0.11 | na |
| 64-87 | 8.5 | 8.1 | <0.1 | 0.08 | 0.22 | 0.09 | <5 | 92 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 4.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 4.9 | 4.58 | 2.02 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 4.7 |
| 87-105 | 8.6 | 8.2 | <0.1 | 0.07 | 0.23 | 0.05 | <5 | 96 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 3.5 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 4.4 | 3.64 | 2.18 | 0.24 | 0.16 | 5.5 |
| 105-150 | 9.0 | 8.4 | 1.0 | 0.08 | 0.23 | 0.03 | <5 | 65 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 2.29 | 1.74 | 0.23 | 0.11 | 7.2 |
| 150-195 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 3.2 | 0.10 | 0.35 | 0.03 | <5 | 70 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.8 | 1.45 | 1.44 | 0.30 | 0.09 | na |

Note: Paddock sample bulked from cores (0-10 cm) taken around the pit.

CEC (cation exchange capacity) is a measure of the soil's capacity to store and release major nutrient elements.

ESP (exchangeable sodium percentage) is derived by dividing the exchangeable sodium value by the CEC.

Further information: DEWNR Soil and Land Program



