## CALCAREOUS CLAY LOAM

*General Description:* Calcareous loam with increasing clay and carbonate content with depth

Landform:	Gentle slopes and flats.	
Substrate:	Gravelly alluvium or slope wash (Telford Gravel)	
Vegetation:	Marieana brevifolia (bluebush)	

Type Site:	Site No.:	CM083					
	1:50,000 sheet: Annual rainfall:	6831-4 210 mm	Hundred: Sampling date:	Out of Hundreds 19/11/96			
	Landform:	Flat, 0% slope					
	Surface:	Firm, tending self-mulching, no stones					

## Soil Description:

Depth (cm)	Description	
0-15	Yellowish red highly calcareous clay loam with moderate granular structure. Clear to:	
15-30	Red highly calcareous light clay with moderate polyhedral structure. Clear to:	
30-65	Red highly calcareous medium clay with strong polyhedral structure. Gradual to:	
65-100	Red massive very highly calcareous medium clay with 10-20% soft carbonate segregations. Diffuse to:	
100-150	Red highly calcareous medium clay with moderate polyhedral structure and 20-50% ironstone, quartz and calcrete gravel.	



Classification: Endohypersodic, Pedal, Calcic Calcarosol; thick, non-gravelly, clay loamy / clayey, deep

## Summary of Properties

Drainage	Well drained - the soil is unlikely to remain wet for more than a few days following prolonged rain.						
Fertility	Natural fertility is high as indicated by the exchangeable cation data.						
рН	Alkaline at the surface, strongly alkaline with depth.						
Rooting depth	150 cm in pit but few roots below 100 cm.						
Barriers to root growth							
Physical:	None.						
Chemical:	None.						
Water holding capacity	Approximately 130 mm in root zone.						
Seedling emergence:	Good.						
<b>Erosion Potential</b>							
Water:	Low.						

Wind: Low.

## Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H <sub>2</sub> O	pH CaC1 <sub>2</sub>	CO3 %	EC1:5 dS/m	ECe dS/m	Org.C %	Avail. P	Avail. K	SO <sub>4</sub> -S mg/kg	Boron mg/kg	Trace Elements mg/kg (DTPA)			CEC cmol	Exchangeable Cations cmol(+)/kg				ESP	
							mg/kg	ing/κg			Cu	Fe	Mn	Zn	(1)/Kg	Ca	Mg	Na	K	
Paddock	8.5	7.9	6	0.17	0.68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	I	-	-	-	-	-
0-15	8.6	7.9	3	0.15	0.56	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23.3	15.2	3.7	0.70	2.08	3.0
15-30	8.6	7.9	2	0.16	0.51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
30-65	8.6	7.9	3	0.17	0.43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27.5	17.1	5.6	1.55	1.68	5.6
65-100	9.0	7.9	14	0.22	0.46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100-150	9.2	8.1	19	0.27	0.57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: Paddock sample bulked from cores (0-10 cm) taken around the pit.

CEC (cation exchange capacity) is a measure of the soil's capacity to store and release major nutrient elements. ESP (exchangeable sodium percentage) is derived by dividing the exchangeable sodium value by the CEC.