## DEEP BLEACHED SAND (Lowan soil)

*General Description:* Deep bleached sand, organically darkened at the surface, with a yellow or brown sandy subsoil at moderate depth

| Landform:   | Undulating dunefield                                      |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Substrate:  | Windblown Lowan Sand<br>overlying Tertiary sandy<br>clay. |  |
| Vegetation: |   |  |

| 1:50,000 sheet:  | 6131-2 (Carappee)    | Hundred:       | Campoona |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------|
| Annual rainfall: | 365 mm               | Sampling date: | 13/04/89 |
| Landform:        | Dune slope           |                |          |
| Surface:         | Loose with no stones |                |          |
|                  |                      |                |          |

## Soil Description:

Type Site:

Site No.:

| Depth (cm) | Description   |
|------------|---|
| 0-8        | Brown loose sand. Clear to:                                     |
| 8-35       | Very pale brown (bleached) loose sand. Gradual to:              |
| 35-70      | Brownish yellow loose sand. Clear to:                           |
| 70-130     | Yellow loose sand with orange clayey sand lamellae. Diffuse to: |
| 130-195    | Yellow loose sand with orange clayey sand lamellae. Gradual to: |
| 195-220    | Brownish yellow firm massive clayey sand.<br>Gradual to:        |
| 220-       | Red hard massive sandy clay.                                    |

EE046



Classification: Basic, Argic, Bleached-Orthic Tenosol; thin, non-gravelly, sandy / sandy, very deep

## Summary of Properties

| Drainage                 | Rapidly drained. Soil never remains wet for more than a few hours.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fertility                | Inherent fertility is very low, as indicated by the exchangeable cation data.<br>Deficiencies of a range of nutrients are possible – nutrient retention capacity is low<br>due to low clay and organic matter contents. Phosphorus, zinc and copper are all<br>deficient according to the analyses. Sulphur levels are also likely to be low, and<br>manganese deficiency is likely in lupins. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| рН                       | Slightly acidic at the surface, neutral with depth.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rooting depth            | Not recorded. Potential depth is 220 cm, but low nutrient retention capacity limits this to approximately 70 cm.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barriers to root growth  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Physical:                | There are no physical barriers.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chemical:                | There are no chemical barriers, but low nutrient status and retention capacity will limit growth.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water holding capacity   | Approximately 40 mm in the root zone.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seedling emergence:      | Satisfactory, except in dry seasons when water repellence is a problem   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workability:             | Loose surface is easily worked.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Erosion Potential</b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water:                   | Low.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wind:                    | High   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Laboratory Data

| Depth<br>cm | pH<br>H2O | pH<br>CaC1 <sub>2</sub> | CO3<br>% | EC1:5<br>dS/m | ECe<br>dS/m | %     | Р     | K     | mg/kg | Boron<br>mg/kg | Trace Elements mg/kg<br>(DTPA) |      |      |      | CEC<br>cmol | Exchangeable Cations<br>cmol(+)/kg |      |      |      | ESP  |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|---------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|--------------------------------|------|------|------|-------------|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
|             |           |                         |          |               |             |       | mg/kg | mg/kg |       |                | Cu                             | Fe   | Mn   | Zn   | (+)/kg      | Ca                                 | Mg   | Na   | K    |      |
| 0-8         | 6.4       | 5.5                     | 0        | 0.11          | 0.59        | 0.58  | 13.0  | -     | -     | 0.2            | 0.16                           | 11.3 | 3.44 | 0.25 | 1.60        | 1.50                               | 0.19 | 0.31 | 0.08 | 19.4 |
| 8-35        | 6.7       | 5.6                     | 0        | 0.05          | 0.13        | < 0.1 | 4.2   | -     | -     | 0.1            | 0.12                           | 19.9 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.47        | 0.30                               | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.04 | 23.4 |
| 35-70       | 6.8       | 6.1                     | 0        | 0.03          | 0.16        | < 0.1 | 2.6   | -     | -     | 0.1            | 0.11                           | 5.1  | 0.01 | 0.11 | 0.46        | 0.30                               | 0.13 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 19.6 |
| 70-130      | 7.2       | 6.3                     | 0        | 0.02          | 0.16        | < 0.1 | 3.6   | -     | -     | 0.2            | 0.11                           | 9.1  | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.72        | 0.32                               | 0.16 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 12.5 |
| 130-195     | 7.1       | 6.2                     | 0        | 0.02          | 0.13        | < 0.1 | 4.0   | -     | -     | 0.2            | 0.11                           | 4.9  | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.66        | 0.31                               | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.06 | 22.7 |
| 195-220     | 7.1       | 6.3                     | 0        | 0.03          | 0.21        | < 0.1 | 3.6   | -     | -     | 0.4            | 0.17                           | 4.4  | 0.07 | 0.06 | 1.40        | 0.66                               | 0.44 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 8.6  |
| 220+        | 8.2       | 7.0                     | 0        | 0.08          | 0.40        | <0.1  | 3.6   | -     | -     | 4.72           | 0.22                           | 5.91 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 13.0        | 5.00                               | 1.10 | 1.10 | 0.84 | 8.5  |

Note: CEC (cation exchange capacity) is a measure of the soil's capacity to store and release major nutrient elements.

ESP (exchangeable sodium percentage) is derived by dividing the exchangeable sodium value by the CEC