DEEP SILICEOUS SAND

(Lowan / Moornaba soil)

General Description: Deep siliceous sand with a pale subsurface layer, continuing below 100 cm

Landform:	Gently undulatin sandhills.	g rises with		
Substrate:	Windblown Mol Sand.	ineaux		
Vegetation:	Mallee.			
Type Site:	Site No.:	EE069		
	1:50,000 sheet: Annual rainfall: Landform: Surface:	6230-1 (Cowell) 340 mm Midslope of gently un Loose with no stones	Hundred: Sampling date: dulating rise	Minbrie 22/01/93

Soil Description:

Depth (cm)	Description	
0-7	Very pale brown loose sand (remnants of original A2 horizon - original A1 and upper A2 presumably eroded). Gradual to:	
7-40	Yellow loose sand. Abrupt to:	
40-130	Yellow, grey and red mottled loose sand with several lamellae of reddish yellow sandy loam. Water table at 140 cm.	ALL AN

Classification: Basic, Argic, Bleached-Orthic Tenosol; thin, non-gravelly, sandy / sandy, deep

Summary of Properties

Drainage	Soil is rapidly drained, but water table at 140 cm indicates that seepage water from upslope will impede deep drainage to some extent.									
Fertility	Inherent fertility is very low, as indicated by the exchangeable cation data, low clay content and negligible organic carbon. Deficiencies of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, copper, zinc and manganese can be expected.									
рН	Neutral at the surface, slightly alkaline with depth.									
Rooting depth	90 cm in pit.									
Barriers to root growth										
Physical:	None.									
Chemical:	None, but low nutrient retention capacity and status prevent deeper root growth.									
Water holding capacity	Approximately 70 mm in root zone.									
Seedling emergence:	Reduced by water repellence.									
Workability:	Loose surface is easily worked.									
Erosion Potential										
Water:	Low.									
Wind:	Moderately high.									

Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H ₂ O	pH CaC1 ₂	CO3 %	EC1:5 dS/m	ECe dS/m	e Org.C n %	Ce Org.C S/m %	.C Avail. P	il. Avail. SO4-S Boron Tr. K mg/kg mg/kg				Trace Elements mg/kg (DTPA)				Excl	nangea cmol(ble Ca (+)/kg	tions	ESP
							mg/kg	mg/kg			Cu	Fe	Mn	Zn	(+)/kg	Ca	Mg	Na	K		
0-7	6.8	6.6	<1	0.01	0.10	< 0.1	19	<40	-	0.50	0.05	8.1	0.14	0.14	2.0	0.76	0.19	0.06	0.11	3.0	
7-40	7.4	7.3	0	0.02	0.16	< 0.1	3	48	-	0.09	0.19	4.4	0.06	0.15	2.2	0.73	0.41	0.05	0.15	2.3	
40-130	7.4	7.5	0	0.02	0.16	<0.1	<2	100	-	0.54	0.33	3.1	0.11	0.17	3.5	1.14	1.15	0.16	0.25	4.6	

Note: CEC (cation exchange capacity) is a measure of the soil's capacity to store and release major nutrient elements.

ESP (exchangeable sodium percentage) is derived by dividing the exchangeable sodium value by the CEC.