

## CALCAREOUS SANDY LOAM (Penong soil)

**General Description:** *Calcareous sandy loam to loam grading to a very highly calcareous sandy clay loam with variable rubble, continuing below 120 cm*

**Landform:** Very gently undulating plain.

**Substrate:** Very highly calcareous sandy clay loam (Woorinen Formation).

**Vegetation:**



**Type Site:** Site No.: EF026

1:50,000 sheet: 5534-3 (Penong)

Hundred: Bagster

Annual rainfall: 325 mm

Sampling date: 28/10/88

Landform: Flat

Surface: Firm with no stones

**Soil Description:**

<i>Depth (cm)</i>	<i>Description</i>
0-4	Orange soft massive highly calcareous loam. Abrupt to:
4-9	Orange hard massive highly calcareous sandy clay loam. Abrupt to:
9-30	Orange firm massive highly calcareous clay loam. Gradual to:
30-60	As above with 20-50% carbonate nodules (Class III B carbonate). Gradual to:
60-80	Orange friable massive highly calcareous sandy clay loam.



**Classification:** Hypervescent, Regolithic, Supracalcic Calcarosol; medium, non-gravelly, loamy / clay loamy, deep

### Summary of Properties

<b>Drainage</b>	Well drained. The soil is never wet for more than a few days.
<b>Fertility</b>	Inherent fertility is moderately low, as indicated by the exchangeable cation data. High carbonate content to the surface reduces the availability of phosphorus, zinc, manganese and copper.
<b>pH</b>	Strongly alkaline throughout.
<b>Rooting depth</b>	60 cm in pit.
<b>Barriers to root growth</b>	
<b>Physical:</b>	There are no physical barriers.
<b>Chemical:</b>	High pH from the surface, high sodicity from 30 cm and high boron concentrations from 10 cm combine to limit root growth.
<b>Water holding capacity</b>	Approximately 60 mm in the root zone.
<b>Seedling emergence:</b>	Satisfactory.
<b>Workability:</b>	Surface soil is firm to soft and easily worked.
<b>Erosion Potential</b>	
<b>Water:</b>	Low.
<b>Wind:</b>	Moderately low.

### Laboratory Data

Depth cm	pH H <sub>2</sub> O	pH CaCl <sub>2</sub>	CO <sub>3</sub> %	EC1:5 dS/m	ECe dS/m	Org.C %	Avail. P mg/kg	Avail. K mg/kg	SO <sub>4</sub> mg/kg	Boron mg/kg	Trace Elements mg/kg (DTPA)				CEC cmol (+)/kg	Exchangeable Cations cmol(+)/kg				ESP
											Cu	Fe	Mn	Zn		Ca	Mg	Na	K	
0-4	8.7	7.8	19	0.28	2.94	-	-	-	-	10.50	0.54	2.69	18.9	0.37	16.0	-	3.30	0.74	3.70	5
4-9	9.0	8.0	18	0.60	7.06	-	-	-	-	16.90	0.53	1.77	9.29	0.29	16.0	-	3.40	1.90	4.60	12
9-30	9.2	8.2	32	0.60	6.76	-	-	-	-	21.50	0.52	1.74	6.58	0.16	13.0	-	3.70	2.10	3.70	16
30-60	9.9	8.7	59	0.90	8.23	-	-	-	-	34.60	0.40	1.61	0.97	0.07	8.0	-	4.70	2.60	1.70	33
60-80	9.6	8.7	52	0.88	8.53	-	-	-	-	24.70	0.62	1.30	1.50	0.06	9.5	-	5.20	2.30	1.60	24

**Note:** CEC (cation exchange capacity) is a measure of the soil's capacity to store and release major nutrient elements.

ESP (exchangeable sodium percentage) is derived by dividing the exchangeable sodium value by the CEC

\* Exchangeable calcium (Ca) values not included due to inappropriate laboratory procedure on very highly calcareous samples.