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LAKE PICONE

This small land system is restricted to the slopes and flats around Mount Mueller and Mount Anne where sedimentary rocks of Carboniferous to Permian age (Parmeener Supergroup) occur. It includes areas glaciated during Pleistocene times. The glaciations produced the rock basin which now forms Lake Picone.

Shallow brown fibrous peats are typical of surface horizons and usually overlie clay loam or light clay. Soil profiles at higher locations tend to be shallower than those of the lower slopes. This could be due to the colder, more exposed conditions impeding soil development. Open to tall open mixed forest forms at lower altitudes and is dominated by *Eucalyptus regnans*, *E. obliqua* and probably E. *delegatensis*. The understorey usually has species typical of wet

forests Athrotaxis selaginoides and Richea pandanifolia occur in localised areas. In poorly drained alpine locations low open shrubland and bolster plants surround islands of shrubland and heath dominated by Orites milliganii, Eucalyptus vernicosa and Nothofagus cunninghamii with Diselma archeri, Eucryphia milliganii, Orites diversifolia and Microstrobos niphophilus (in addition to species on the land system diagram). More protected positions often have a similar species composition to the shrubland and heath referred to, but grow a little taller to form low closed forest.

Around Mount Mueller the area is designated state forest while at Mount Anne it occurs in the South West National Park where usage includes bush walking and climbing. At higher altitudes the soils on these sediments appear to be inherently unstable with landslips relatively common. There is also a rill, gully and sheet erosion hazard on lower slopes if clearing occurs.

Photo 38



The poorly drained exposed sub-alpine component is in the foreground and protected sub-alpine component with taller vegetation immediately behind (middle section of photograph) Dolerite cliffs in the background are part of the Mount Anne Land System

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Area(ha): 2445

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ALTITUDINAL RANGE (m)	600-900 (up to 1000) APPROXIMATE ANNUAL RAINFALL(mm) 1500-2000		
SITE NO. /ALTITUDE (m)/ASPECT	167/620/N	193/910/W	192/920/S
TOPOGRAPHY	Small areas of flats and slopes		
Position	Lower slopes	Poorly drained, exposed sub- alpine locations	Protected sub-alpine locations
Typical Slope()	5-20	0-5	5
Proportion(%)	40	30	30
GEOLOGY	Sediments of Carboniferous (?) to Permian age - sandstone, siltstone, mudstone with some conglomerate. Glacial in places.		
NATIVE VEGETATION	Open forest to	Sedgeland/shrubland	
Structure	tall open forest	to heath	Low closed forest
Floristic Association (See Appendix 1 for common names)	Eucalyptus regnans E. obliqua Nothofaqus cunninghamii Atherosperma moschatum Phyllocladus aspleniifolius Anopterus qlandulosus Cenarrhenes nitida Pimelea drupacea Dicksonia antarctica Dark reddish brown fibrous peat	Carpha curvata Restio complanatus Isophysis tasmanica Drosera arcturi Xyris sp. Sprengelia incarnata var. montana Dracophyllum milliganii Diselma archeri Abrotanella forsterioides Orites milliqanii Nothofaqus cunninqhamii Eucalyptus vernicosa Brown dark brown (7. 5 YR 4.	Nothofaqus cunninqhamii Eucryphia milliqann Richea scoparia Athrotaxis selaginoides A. cupressoides Microstrobos niphophilus Richea pandanifolia Orites diversifolia Richea milliqann Trochocarpa gunnii Orites milliqann Dark reddish brown (5 YR 2.
horizon) Colour (moist) and texture	Dark reddish brown fibrous peat	Brown dark brown (7. 5 YR 4. 2) fibrous peat	Dark reddish brown (5 YR 2. 5/2) fibrous peat
Subsoil (or B horizon) colour (moist) and texture	Rocky very dark greyish brown (10 YR 3/2) silty clay loam over a brown (10 YR 5/3) silty clay	Dark grey (7. 5 YR 4/0) clay loam to light clay	Grey (7. 5 YR 5/0) light clay with a yellowish brown (10 YR 5/8) mottle
Primary Profile form	Gradational	Uniform	Uniform
Depth surface	0. 05	0. 10	0. 10
Typical total depth(m)	>0. 50	0. 35	0.40
Permeability	Moderate	Low - moderate	Low - moderate
LAND USE	Areas of state forest with nature conservation and recreation in the Mount Anne area		
HAZARD		Moderate track erosion	
	Moderate rill, gully and sheet erosion if cleared		